



Fiber Optic Intrusion Detection System NS-200S User Manual



1 · Panel Introduction

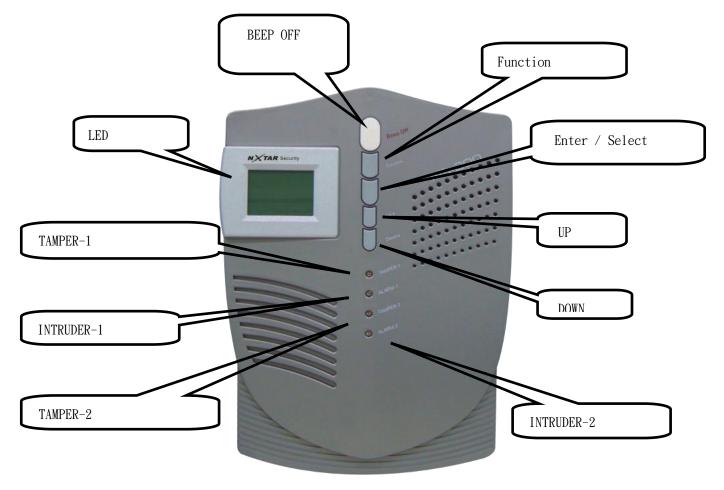


BEEP OFF: Authorized access control flexibility with software use

	NC-11 & CC-11	NC-1T & CC-1T	NC-2I & CC-2I	NC-2T & CC-2T
TURNED OFF	closed	closed	closed	closed
TURNED ON	open	open	open	open
TAMPER1	open	closed	open	open
INTRUDER 1	closed	open	open	open
TAMPER2	open	open	open	closed
INTRUDER2	open	open	closed	open



2 · Control Panel:

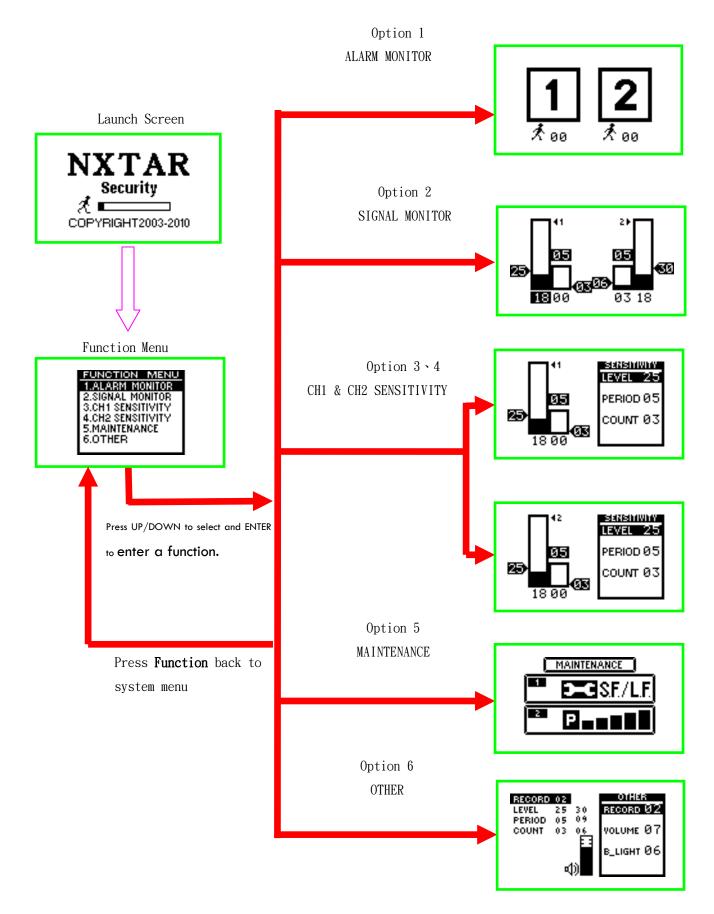


Control Panel Description

- 1. FUNCTION: Press Function back to the main menu
- 2. ENTER / SELECT: In main menu, press the button to enter. In sub menu, press the button to select.
- 3. UP & DOWN: Press UP & DOWN to adjust the parameters value.
- 4. BEEP OFF: Disable the alarm manually.
- 5. INTRUDER LED: When the LED blinks in red, it indicates the pre-warning. When the LED is lit is red, it indicates detection of intrusion.
- 6. TAMPER LED: When the LED is lit in green, it indicates all detection zones operates normally. When the LED is lit in red, it indicates the tamper of optical path, requiring maintenance.
- 7. LED Displayer: User can set up parameter and adjust alarm status or signal monitoring here.

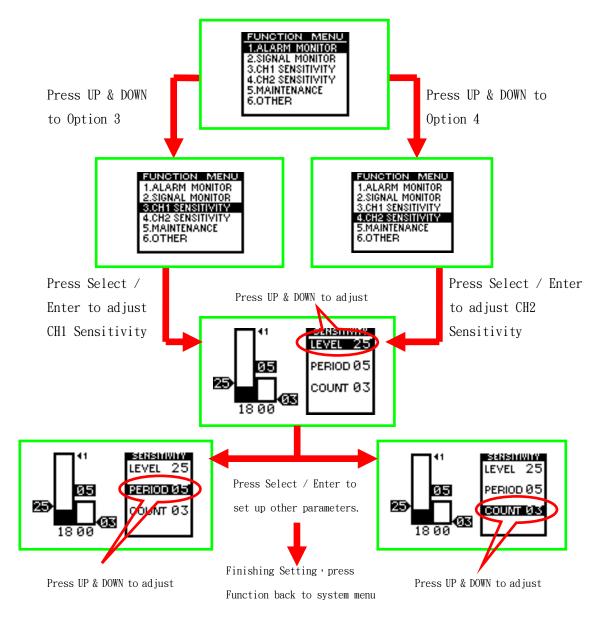


3 · System Menu Flow Chart:





1. Option 3 · 4 - CH1 & CH2 SENSITIVITY Setting:



LEVEL: The system yields sensing signal at every mini second. When signal size goes beyond the preset Level value, such event is considered as a *Count*.

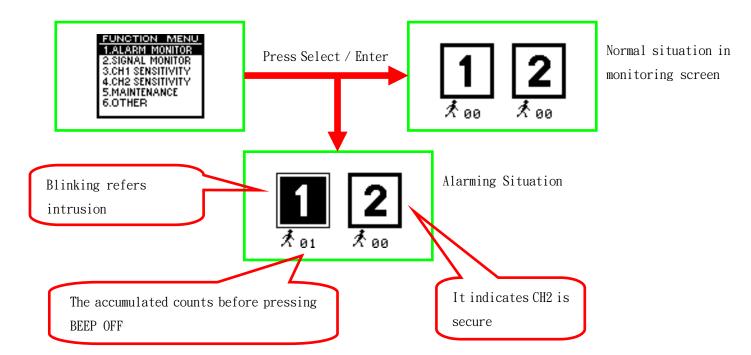
PERIOD: It refers to the time (seconds) when the intruder finishes climbing over the fence/detection zone.

COUNT: It refers to within preset *Period*, how many times that signals go beyond the threshold.

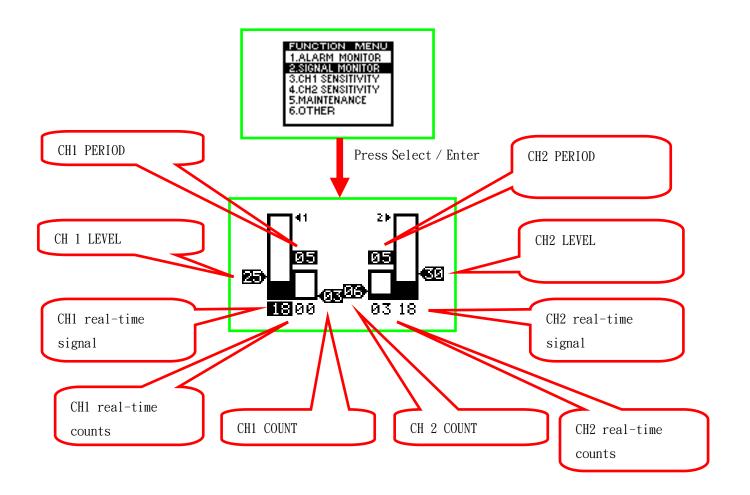
The system issues warning only when above three parameters meet the setting value.



2. Option 1 - ALARM MONITOR:

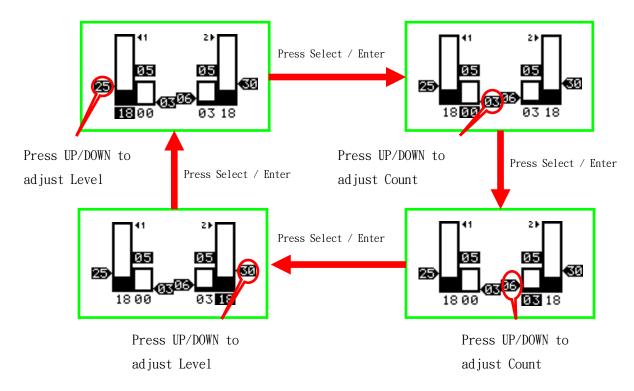


3. Option 2 - SIGNAL MONITOR:

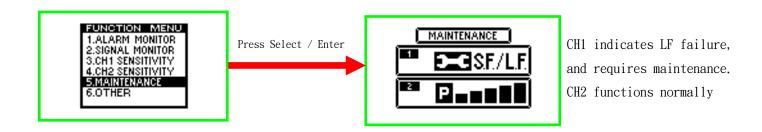




Another parameter setting for adjust 2 zones of detections:



4. Option 5 - MAINTENANCE:



Other diagrams descriptions:



Sensing Fiber Failure



Sensing Fiber and Leading Fiber failures



It indicates the performance of the optical path



When Optical path is decaying, check on the glitch is required.

Note: SF(Sensing Fiber) LF(Leading Fiber)

P(Power)

Nxtar Fiber Optic Security Co., Ltd.

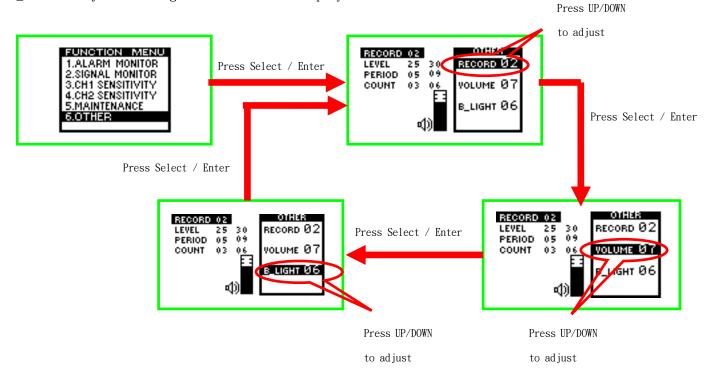


5. Option 6 - OTHERS:

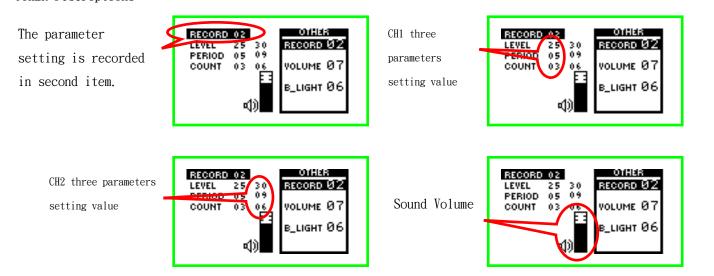
RECORD : Allows user to record 10 sets of parameters

VOLUME : Adjust the sound volume.

B_LIGHT: Adjust the brightness of the LCD display.



OTHER Descriptions:



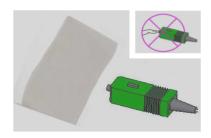


5 · Connectors Cleaning Cautions :

- 1 · The controller is equipped with laser output. <u>Direct exposure of the eye to the tip of connectors</u>

 can caused permanent damage to the user. °
- 2 · When the system operates, sensor will transmit laser signals. <u>Therefore, forbid direct exposure</u> of the eye to the connectors.
- 3 · When TAMPER LED is lit, it means the loss of a given detection zone is too high. In this case, users can do some simple cleaning on the SC connectors
- 4 · Before cleaning SC connectors, switch off the power first. <u>Avoid the direct eye exposure to the</u> connectors.
- 5 · Connectors cleaning include laser output and input receivers.
- 6 · If necessary , SJB and TJB connectors need to cleaned as the followings show.

Clean the SC connectors with 99% cleaning alcohol and clean swipes.



Don't touch SC connectors with bare fingers.